

AFFINITY HOLDINGS PVT. LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED
MARCH 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONTENTS	PAGES
CORPORATE INFORMATION	1
COMMENTARY OF DIRECTORS	2
SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE	3
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	4 - 6
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	7
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	8
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	9
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	10
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	11 - 23

CORPORATE INFORMATION

		Date of appointment	Date of resignation
DIRECTORS	: Dr Azad Moopen Mandayapurath	January 24, 2008	-
	Naseera Azad	January 24, 2008	-
	Neernaysingh Madhour	January 28, 2014	-
	Sahjahan Ally Nauthoo	November 15, 2014	May 11, 2018
	Savinilorna Payandi - Pillay Ramen	May 11, 2018	-
	Ravi Prasad	September 23, 2019	-
	Sevin Chendriah	September 23, 2019	-
ADMINISTRATOR AND SECRETARY	: IQ EQ Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd (Formerly SGG Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd) Les Cascades Building 33, Edith Cavell Street Port Louis Republic of Mauritius		
REGISTERED OFFICE	: C/o IQ EQ Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd (Formerly SGG Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd) Les Cascades Building 33, Edith Cavell Street Port Louis Republic of Mauritius		
AUDITOR	: BDO & Co 10, Frère Félix de Valois Street Port Louis Republic of Mauritius		
BANK	: Barclays Bank (Mauritius) Limited 3 rd Floor, Barclays House 68-68A Cybercity Ebene Republic of Mauritius		

COMMENTARY OF DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

The directors are pleased to present their commentary together with the audited financial statements of **Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd** (the "Company") for the year ended March 31, 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is to engage in investment holding activities.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Company's results for the year are shown in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 8.

The directors declared and paid a dividend of USD 9,350,000 for the year under review (2018: USD Nil).

STATUS

The Company was incorporated in the Republic of Mauritius on January 24, 2008 under the Companies Act 2001 and holds a Category 1 Global Business Licence.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which present fairly the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2001.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITOR

The auditor, BDO & Co. has indicated its willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning its re-appointment will be proposed at the Annual Meeting.



Know how Know you

3

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

We certify to the best of our knowledge and belief that we have filed with the Registrar of Companies all such returns as are required of **Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd** under the Companies Act 2001 during the year ended March 31, 2019.

For and on behalf of

IQ EQ Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd
Secretary

Date: 08 NOV 2019

IQ EQ Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd, 33, Edith Cavell Street, Port-Louis, 11324, Mauritius

T: +230 212 9800
F: +230 212 9833

mauritus@iqeq.com
www.iqeq.com

Regulated by the Financial Services Commission as holder of a management licence. Licence type – FS-3.1A Management Licence
Incorporated in Mauritius No: BRN C09004928.

AFFINITY HOLDINGS PVT. LTD

4

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd

Report on the audit of the Separate Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the separate financial statements of the Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd, on pages 7 to 23 which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the separate financial statements on pages 7 to 23 give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as modified by exemption from consolidation in the Companies Act 2001 for companies holding a Category 1 Global Business Licence and comply with the Companies Act 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code)* together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Mauritius, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Commentary of Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2001, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



AFFINITY HOLDINGS PVT. LTD

5

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

To the Shareholder of Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd

Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

AFFINITY HOLDINGS PVT. LTD

6

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

To the Shareholder of Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Companies Act 2001

We have no relationship with, or interests in, the Company, other than in our capacity as auditor and dealings in the ordinary course of business.

We have obtained all information and explanations we have required.

In our opinion, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company as far as it appears from our examination of those records.

Other matter

This report is made solely to the member of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 205 of the Companies Act 2001. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's member those matters we are required to state in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's member as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



BDO & Co

Chartered Accountants



Zaaki Permessur, FCCA
Licensed by FRC

Port Louis,
Républic of Mauritius.


08 NOV 2019

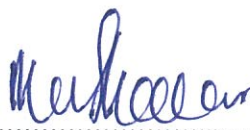
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2019

	Notes	2019 USD	2018 USD
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment in subsidiary companies	5	279,348,646	278,890,375
Financial asset at amortised cost	6	1,100,000	-
		<u>280,448,646</u>	<u>278,890,375</u>
Current assets			
Financial assets at amortised cost	7(a)	1,904,848	-
Other receivables	7(b)	-	3,000
Cash and cash equivalents	8	322,784	609,101
		<u>2,227,632</u>	<u>612,101</u>
Total assets		<u>282,676,278</u>	<u>279,502,476</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital and reserves			
Stated capital	9	1,000	1,000
Retained earnings		16,965,049	17,234,406
Total equity		<u>16,966,049</u>	<u>17,235,406</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Redeemable preference shares	10	219,324,675	225,604,675
Borrowings	11	42,929,369	16,483,502
		<u>262,254,044</u>	<u>242,088,177</u>
Current liabilities			
Other payables	12	2,353,518	13,026
Current tax liability	13	264,002	-
Borrowings	11	838,665	20,165,867
		<u>3,456,185</u>	<u>20,178,893</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>282,676,278</u>	<u>279,502,476</u>

08 NOV 2019

The financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors on
and signed on its behalf by:


.....
Savinlorna Payandi - Pillay Ramen
Director


.....
Neernaysingh Madhour
Director

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.
Independent auditor's report on pages 4 to 6.

**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>USD</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>USD</u>
REVENUE			
Dividend income		9,350,000	-
Interest income		36,338	-
		<u>9,386,338</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENSES			
Audit fees		12,813	5,290
Administration fees		5,100	1,200
Bank charges		2,494	1,850
Licence fees		2,238	2,060
Accounting fees		1,275	1,700
Professional fees		-	4,300
Secretarial fees		-	1,500
Disbursements		-	250
		<u>23,920</u>	<u>18,150</u>
Profit/(loss) before interest expense		9,362,418	(18,150)
Interest expense		<u>(17,773)</u>	<u>(264)</u>
Profit/(loss) before taxation		9,344,645	(18,414)
Taxation	13	<u>(264,002)</u>	<u>-</u>
Profit/(loss) for the year		9,080,643	(18,414)
Other comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>9,080,643</u>	<u>(18,414)</u>

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.
Independent auditor's report on pages 4 to 6.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	Note	Stated capital USD	Retained earnings USD	Total USD
At April 1, 2018		1,000	17,234,406	17,235,406
Total comprehensive income for the year:				
- Profit for the year		-	9,080,643	9,080,643
- Dividends paid	14	-	(9,350,000)	(9,350,000)
At March 31, 2019		1,000	16,965,049	16,966,049
At April 1, 2017		1,000	17,252,820	17,253,820
Total comprehensive income for the year:				
- Loss for the year		-	(18,414)	(18,414)
At March 31, 2018		1,000	17,234,406	17,235,406

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.
Independent auditor's report on pages 4 to 6.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	2019 USD	2018 USD
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) before taxation	9,344,645	(18,414)
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Dividend income	(9,350,000)	-
Interest income	(36,338)	-
Interest expense	17,773	264
	(23,920)	(18,150)
<i>Change in working capital:</i>		
Other payables	(1,062)	788
Net cash used in operating activities	(24,982)	(17,362)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Dividend received	9,350,000	-
Loan granted to related party	(1,100,000)	-
Net cash flows generated from investing activities	8,250,000	-
Cash flows from financing activities		
Redemption of redeemable preference shares	(6,280,000)	(8,985,000)
Proceeds from borrowings	7,118,665	16,543,502
Repayment of borrowings	-	(7,000,000)
Dividend paid out to shareholder	(9,350,000)	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(8,511,335)	558,502
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents	(286,317)	541,140
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	609,101	67,961
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	322,784	609,101

The principal non-cash transactions are:

- (i) During the year ended March 31, 2019, investment amounting to USD 455,271 which was made by the Company is yet to be settled.
- (ii) During the year ended March 31, 2019, USD 1,865,510 has been transferred directly from a subsidiary company to another related party on behalf of the Company.
- (iii) During the year ended March 31, 2018, amount receivable from the subsidiary company amounting to USD 60,000 has been offset against loan payable to the latter company.

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form an integral part of these financial statements.
Independent auditor's report on pages 4 to 6.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd (the "Company") was incorporated on January 24, 2008 as a private company limited by shares in the Republic of Mauritius. It holds a Category 1 Global Business Licence. The Company's principal activity is to engage in investment holding activities.

The address of the Company's registered office is c/o IQ EQ Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd, Les Cascades Building, 33, Edith Cavell Street, Port Louis, Republic of Mauritius.

The financial statements will be submitted for consideration and approval at the forthcoming Annual Meeting of the shareholder of the Company.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Company in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as modified by the exemption from consolidation in the Companies Act for companies holding a Category 1 Global Business Licence and comply with the Companies Act 2001. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for relevant financial assets and liabilities which are stated at fair value. Therefore, the financial statements are separate financial statements of the Company only and do not include figures of the subsidiary companies of Aster DM Healthcare FZC and Dr. Moopens Healthcare Management Services W.LL as at March 31, 2019 and 2018.

Going concern

During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company's profit for the year was USD 9,080,643 (2018: loss of USD 18,414). As at that date, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by USD 1,228,553 (2018: USD 36,050,294) and it had retained earnings of USD 16,965,049 (2018: USD 17,234,406). However, the total assets of the Company exceeded its total liabilities by USD 16,966,049 (2018: USD 17,235,406). The Company meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through loans received from related parties. At the end of the reporting date, the loans received from related parties amounted to USD 43,768,034 (2018: USD 36,649,369).

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors are confident that with the increase in capital, expansion plan for future years, and based on the new marketing plans, the Company is likely to be profitable in the foreseeable future.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**(a) Basis of preparation (continued)***Standards, Amendments to published Standards and Interpretations effective in the reporting period*

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, derecognition of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. The adoption of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments from January 1, 2018 resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The new accounting policies are set out in note 2(e). The Company has elected to apply the exemption in IFRS 9 paragraph 7.2.15 not to restate prior periods in the year of initial application of the standard.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer. The Company has adopted IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers from January 1, 2018 which resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The new accounting policies are set out in note 2(c). The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial statements.

Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (Amendments to IFRS 2)

The amendments clarify the measurement basis for cash-settled share-based payments and the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial statements.

Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (Amendments to IFRS 4)

The amendment provides two different solutions for insurance companies: a temporary exemption from IFRS 9 for entities that meet specific requirements (applied at the reporting entity level), and the 'overlay approach'. Both approaches are optional. The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle

- IFRS 1 - deleted short-term exemptions covering transition provisions of IFRS 7, IAS 19 and IFRS 10 which are no longer relevant.
- IAS 28 - clarifies that the election by venture capital organisations, mutual funds, unit trusts and similar entities to measure investments in associates or joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss should be made separately for each associate or joint venture at initial recognition. The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial statements.

IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration. The interpretation clarifies how to determine the date of transaction for the exchange rate to be used on initial recognition of a related asset, expense or income where an entity pays or receives consideration in advance for foreign currency-denominated contracts. The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**(a) Basis of preparation (continued)***Standards, Amendments to published Standards and Interpretations effective in the reporting period (continued)*

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle (continued)

Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40). The amendments clarify that transfers to, or from, investment property can only be made if there has been a change in use that is supported by evidence. A change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property. A change in intention alone is not sufficient to support a transfer. The amendment has no impact on the Company's financial statements.

Standards, Amendments to published Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective

Certain standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations have been issued that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 or later periods, but which the Company has not early adopted.

At the reporting date of these financial statements, the following were in issue but not yet effective:

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

Prepayment Features with negative compensation (Amendments to IFRS 9)

Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments to IAS 28)

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments to IAS 19)

Definition of a Business (Amendments to IFRS 3)

Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)

Where relevant, the Company is still evaluating the effect of these Standards, Amendments to published Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective, on the presentation of its financial statements.

(b) Foreign currencies*(i) Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements are measured using United States Dollar ("USD"), the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in USD, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**(b) Foreign currencies (continued)****(ii) Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Revenue recognition

Revenue earned by the Company is recognised on the following basis:

- Dividend income - when shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.
- Interest income - on a time- proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(d) Investment in subsidiary companies

Investments in subsidiary companies are carried at cost. The carrying amount is reduced to recognise any impairment in the value of the individual investment.

The Company does not present consolidated financial statements, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aster DM Healthcare Limited, a company incorporated in India. Consequently, the Company took advantage of the exemption from consolidation as modified by the Companies Act 2001 for companies holding a Category 1 Global Business Licence.

(e) Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets into the categories discussed below, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired.

Amortised cost

These types of financial assets are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions for loans to related parties and receivables are recognised based on a forward looking expected credit loss model. The methodology used to determine the amount of the provision is based on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial asset. For those where the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition of the financial asset, twelve months expected credit loss along with gross interest income are recognised. For those for which credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime expected credit losses along with gross interest income are recognised. For those that are determined to be credit impaired, lifetime expected credit losses along with interest income on a net basis are recognised.

The Company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Cash and cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investment that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**(f) Stated capital**Ordinary share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Preference share capital

Preference share capital is classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or redeemable only at the Company's option, and any dividends are discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognised as distributions from equity.

Preference share capital is classified as a liability if it is redeemable on a specific date or at the option of the shareholders, or if dividends payment are not discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognised as interest expense in profit or loss.

(g) Expenses recognition

Expenses are accounted for in profit or loss on the accrual basis.

(h) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources that can be reliably estimated will be required to settle the obligation.

(i) Current and deferred income taxCurrent tax

The current income tax charge is based on taxable income for the year calculated on the basis of tax laws enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, if the deferred income tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply in the period when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Impairment of assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including:

- concentration risk;
- liquidity risk; and
- currency risk.

(a) Concentration risk

The Company's investment is concentrated in Middle East. The Company is, therefore, exposed to economic, political and social risks inherent to that region.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	Less than 1 year USD	More than 1 year USD
<u>At March 31, 2019</u>		
Borrowings	838,665	42,929,369
Other payables	2,353,518	-
	<u>3,192,183</u>	<u>42,929,369</u>
<u>At March 31, 2018</u>		
Borrowings	20,165,867	16,483,502
Other payables	13,026	-
	<u>13,026</u>	<u>16,483,502</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Currency risk

The Company has its subsidiary companies incorporated in United Arab Emirates ("UAE") and Qatar and the shares are denominated in UAE Dirham and Qatari Riyals respectively. However, the Company is unlikely to be exposed to currency risk with respect to investment in subsidiary company as it is maintained at cost (adjusted for any impairment), unless there are material changes in the exchange rate vis-à-vis the USD.

Currency profile

The currency profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities is summarised as follows:

	Financial assets		Financial liabilities	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	USD	USD	USD	USD
United States Dollar ("USD")	3,327,632	612,101	265,446,227	262,267,070

Investment in subsidiary companies amounting to USD 279,348,646 (2018: USD 278,890,375) and tax liability amounting to USD 264,002 (2018: Nil) have been excluded from financial assets and financial liabilities respectively.

3.2 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- to provide an adequate return to the shareholder.

The Company is financed by equity and borrowings.

The debt-to-equity ratios at March 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
Total borrowings (including preference shares)	263,092,709	262,254,044
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(322,784)	(609,101)
	262,769,925	261,644,943
Total equity	16,966,049	17,235,406
Debt-to-equity ratio	15.49:1	15.18:1

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Impairment of investment in subsidiary companies

The Company follows the guidance of IAS 36 on determining when an investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost, and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

In considering the value in use, the directors have taken into consideration the audited financial statements, management accounts and expected future results of the subsidiaries. The actual results could however, differ from these estimates.

Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rated. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Limitation of sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis in respect of market risk demonstrates the effect of a change in a key assumption while other assumptions remain unchanged. In reality, there is a correlation between the assumptions and other factors. It should also be noted that these sensitivities are non-linear and larger or smaller impacts should not be interpolated or extrapolated from these results.

Sensitivity analysis does not take into consideration that the Company's assets and liabilities are managed. Other limitations include the use of hypothetical market movements to demonstrate potential risk that only represent the Company's view of possible near-term market changes that cannot be predicted with any certainty.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

5. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES	2019 USD	2018 USD
Unquoted:		
At April 1,	278,890,375	278,890,375
Additions during the year	458,271	-
At March 31,	<u>279,348,646</u>	<u>278,890,375</u>

(i) Details of the investment in subsidiary companies are as follows:

Name of company	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	% holding		Carrying amount	
			2019	2018	2019 USD	2018 USD
Aster DM Healthcare FZC	UAE	Equity shares	99.98%	99.98%	<u>278,890,375</u>	<u>278,890,375</u>
Dr Moopens Healthcare Management Services W.L.L	Qatar	Equity shares	99.00%	-	<u>458,271</u>	<u>-</u>

(ii) The investment in Aster DM Healthcare FZC is denominated in UAE Dirham while investment in Dr Moopens Healthcare Management Services W.L.L is denominated in Qatari Riyals.

(iii) During the year, pursuant to a broader restructuring undertaken by Aster DM Group, there has been transfer of investment of 'Dr. Moopens Healthcare Management Services WLL, Qatar', a group company which was previously recorded in the books of Aster DM Healthcare FZC to Affinity Holding Pvt. Ltd.

(iv) The directors are of the opinion that the cost of the investment approximates its carrying value and that there is no indication for impairment in the above investment for the year ended March 31, 2019.

(v) Aster DM Healthcare FZC entered into an agreement with the Axis Bank Limited for a term loan facility of USD 295,000,000 on March 17, 2017. As a result, the Company entered into another Share Pledge Agreement with the Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank PJSC on July 27, 2017 and has pledged 522,337 shares (each of par value AED 1,000) in Aster DM Healthcare FZC.

(vi) During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company entered into a Trust Deed dated May 27, 2018 among Alfa Investments Limited ("Trustee Co"), Affinity Holdings Pvt. Ltd ("Beneficiary") and Mr Zuhdi Mohammad Ahmad Mohammad Sarhan ("shareholder") whereby the Trustee Co is 100% legally held by the shareholder.

6. FINANCIAL ASSET AT AMOTISED COST	2019 USD	2018 USD
Loan receivable from related party	<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>-</u>

The loan has been granted in 2 tranches of USD 550,000 each for a period of 24 months respectively. It bears interest at 3.5% per annum, is unsecured and is denominated in USD.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMOTISED COST AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
(a) <i>Financial assets at amortised cost</i>		
Amount receivable from related party	1,868,510	-
Interest receivable from related party	36,338	-
	<u>1,904,848</u>	<u>-</u>
(b) <i>Other receivables</i>		
Amount receivable from related party	<u>-</u>	<u>3,000</u>

- (i) The carrying amounts of other receivables approximate their fair values.
(ii) Other receivables are only denominated in USD.
(iii) The directors have concluded that it would require undue costs and effort to determine the credit risk of these balances on their respective dates of initial recognition. These balances are also assessed to have credit risk other than loss. Accordingly the Company recognises lifetime ECL until they are derecognised. The identified impairment loss was immaterial.

8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
Cash at bank	<u>322,784</u>	<u>609,101</u>

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

9. STATED CAPITAL

	2019 & 2018	
	Number of shares	USD
<i>Issued and fully paid</i>		
At April 1 and March 31,	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

The ordinary shares have been issued at USD 1 each.

10. REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
At April 1,	225,604,675	234,589,675
Redemption of shares	(6,280,000)	(8,985,000)
At March 31,	<u>219,324,675</u>	<u>225,604,675</u>

The redeemable preference shares have been issued at USD 1 each.

11. BORROWINGS

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
Loans from related parties		
At March 31,	<u>43,768,034</u>	<u>36,649,369</u>
Analysed as follows:		
Non-current	42,929,369	16,483,502
Current	<u>838,665</u>	<u>20,165,867</u>
	<u>43,768,034</u>	<u>36,649,369</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

11. BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

- (a) Loans from related parties amounting to USD 42,937,534 (2018: USD 36,099,369) are interest free, unsecured and repayable after 24 months as from date of disbursement and a loan of USD 830,500 (2018: USD 550,000) received from subsidiary company bears interest at the rate of 3.5% per annum.
- (b) The loans are denominated in USD.

12. OTHER PAYABLES

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
Amount payable to related party	2,323,781	-
Interest payable	18,037	264
Accruals	11,700	12,762
	<u>2,353,518</u>	<u>13,026</u>

- (i) The carrying amounts of other payables approximate their fair values.
- (ii) Other payables are only denominated in USD.

13. TAXATION

Following the Finance Act 2018, all companies categorised as Category 1 Global Business Licence will be now licensed as Global Business Licence. Effective from January 2019, deemed Foreign Tax Credit regime available to GBC 1 companies will be abolished. There will be an introduction of an 80% exemption regime on the following income:

- Foreign dividend, subject to amount not allowed as deduction in source country;
- Foreign source interest derived by a company other than a bank;
- Profit attributable to a permanent establishment of a resident company in foreign country;
- Foreign source income derived by a Collective Investment Scheme ("CIS"), Closed-End Funds, CIS Manager, CIS Administrator, Investment Adviser or Asset Manager licensed or approved by the Financial Services Commission ("FSC");
- Income derived by companies engaged in ship and aircraft leasing.

(a) Statement of financial position

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
As at March 31,	<u>264,002</u>	<u>-</u>

(b) Statement of profit or loss

	2019	2018
	USD	USD
Current tax on the adjusted result for the year	<u>264,002</u>	<u>-</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

13. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

The tax on the Company's result before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the basic tax rate of the Company as follows:

	2019 USD	2018 USD
Profit/(loss) before taxation	9,344,645	(18,414)
Tax calculated at 15% (2018: 15%)	1,401,697	(2,762)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(81,688)	-
Deferred tax asset not recognised	-	2,762
Deemed tax credit	(1,056,007)	-
Tax charge	264,002	-

All GBC 1 companies licensed on or before October 16, 2017 will be grand fathered up to June 30, 2021. Those licensed after October 16, 2017 will be grand fathered up to December 31, 2018.

14. DIVIDENDS PER SHARE

	2019 USD	2018 USD
Amount recognised as distribution to equity holder	9,350,000	-

On March 26, 2019, the directors declared a dividend in respect of the year ended March 31, 2019 of USD 9,350 per ordinary share amounting to a total dividend of USD 9,350,000 (2018: USD nil).

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company traded with related entities. The nature, volume of transactions and the balances with the entities are as follows:

Name of companies	Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	Volume of transactions USD	2019 USD	2018 USD
Aster DM Healthcare FZC	Subsidiary company	(i) Other payable (ii) Loan payable	2,323,781 7,118,665	2,323,781 43,768,034	- 36,649,369
Union Investments Pvt Limited	Ultimate holding company	Expenses paid on behalf of the company	-	3,000	3,000
Alfa Investments Limited	Entreprise with common shareholders	Other receivable	(1,865,510)	1,865,510	-
Dr Moopen Healthcare	Subsidiary company	Loan receivable	(1,100,000)	1,100,000	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)**Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties**

- (i) There have been no guarantees provided or received for any outstanding balances.
- (ii) The terms of the amount due from and payable to related parties are disclosed in their respective notes.
- (iii) The transactions with the related parties have been made on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary course of business.
- (iv) For the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of each related party and the market in which the related party operates.

16. HOLDING COMPANY

The directors consider Aster DM Healthcare Limited, a company incorporated in India as the holding company.

17. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There have been no material events after the reporting period which would require disclosure or adjustment to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019.