

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE PARTNERS OF ASTER RAMESH DUHITA LLP

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **ASTER RAMESH DUHITA LLP** ("the LLP"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the applicable laws and regulations to a Limited Liability Partnership in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the LLP as at March 31, 2025, and its financial results for the year ended on that date.

THE BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Firm in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The LLP's designated partners are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the LLP in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified by ICAI. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for the safeguarding of the assets of the LLP and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate





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accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation, and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management (representing the LLPs Designated partners) is responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The designated partners are also responsible for overseeing the LLP's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the LLP's ability



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to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the LLP to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For M/s. P. S. Kumar & Associates. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 012083S

CA. P. Sasi Kumar, FCA

Partner

Membership Number 208203

Place: Hyderabad Date: 24.04.2025

UDIN: 25208203BMIWVX7454



"ASTER RAMESH DUHITHA" LLP is registered as 'LLP' (LLPIN: AAM-2399) under The Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. The firm is engaged in the business of medical services.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. The accounting policy has been consistently applied by the Firm.

1.2. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP (IGAAP) requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable, future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialized.

1.3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Firm and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Sale of Services: Sale of services is recognized on rendering of services as per contractual terms.

Interest Revenue is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable. Interest income is included under the head "Other Income" in the statement of Profit and Loss.

1.4. INVENTORIES

Inventories includes consumables such as medical kits, other usables, which are held at the year end as un used valued at cost.



1.5. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets are recorded at the cost of acquisition inclusive of freight, duties and incidental expenses related to acquisition and are carried at WDV after reducing the relevant depreciation. Intangible assets are recognized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably. The intangible assets are recorded at cost and are carried at WDV after reducing the relevant depreciation. Depreciation on Fixed Assets is provided on WDV method over the useful lives of the assets at the rate prescribed under Appendix IA of the Income Tax Rules, 1962.

1.6. LEASES

Assets taken on finance lease, including taken on hire purchase arrangements, wherein the company has an option to acquire the asset, are accounted as fixed assets in accordance with the AS 19 on "Leases".

Operating Lease: Assets taken on lease under which all risks and rewards of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating lease. Lease payments under operating leases are recognized as expenses on accrual basis in accordance with the respective lease agreements.

1.7. IMPAIRMENT OF FIXED ASSETS

The management periodically assesses, using external and internal sources, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying amount of assets exceeds its recoverable value in accordance with AS 28. An impairment loss is determined by each company and charged to the respective Profit and Loss Account in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognized in prior accounting periods is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

1.8. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the rate in force on the date of transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are stated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the Balance Sheet and resultant gains/losses are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Premium or discount arising at the inception of forward foreign exchange contracts is amortized as expense or income over the life of the contracts. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation or renewal of such forward contract is recognized as income or expense for the period. Exchange differences arising on settlement or restatement of foreign currency denominated liabilities relating to the acquisition of fixed asset are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined Contribution Plans: Contributions payable by the Firm to the concerned Government authorities in respect of Provident Fund, Family Pension Fund and Employees State Insurance are charged to Profit and Loss Account.

1.10. BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of asset. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

1.11. TAXES ON INCOME

Income tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

1.12. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

Contingent liabilities are not provided for and are disclosed by way of notes after careful evaluation by the management of the facts and legal aspects of the matters involved. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statement.



ASTER RAMESH DUHITA LLP LLPIN: AAM-2399

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

Amount in Rs

Amount in I					
Particulars		Note	As at	As at	
		14016	31 Mar 2025	31 Mar 2024	
I. CONTRIBUTION AND LIABILITIES					
Partner's Funds					
Capital		2	50,50,000	50,50,000	
			//		
Liabilities					
Trade payables		4	45,07,138	45,07,138	
Other payables		5	1,74,182	1,39,742	
, , ,			_/: _/	1,00,112	
	Total		97,31,320	96,96,880	
				,	
	,				
II. ASSETS					
Fixed Assets		6	25,03,632	29,38,698	
Current Assets					
Partner's current account		3	57,30,184	52,60,393	
Trade receivables		7	5,66,493	5,97,946	
Cash and cash equivalents		8	8,85,703	8,57,137	
Other current assets		9	45,308	42,706	
	Total		97,31,320	96,96,880	
Significant accounting policies	. (1)	1			

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

FRN: 0120835

As per our report of even date attached.

For M/s. P. S. Kumar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 012083S

CA. P. Sasi Kumar, FCA

Partner

Membership No. 208203

Place: Hyderabad Date: 24/04/2025 For Aster Ramesh Duhita LLP

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Dr. Pothineni Ramesh Babu Designated Partner

DPIN: 0001879436

Dr. Nalluru Sasidhar Designated Partner

DPIN: 0007994218

LLPIN: AAM-2399

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended Mar 31, 2025

		(in Rs.)	(in Rs.)
Particulars	Note	For the Year ended 31 Mar 2025	For the Year ended 31 Mar 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	10	_	-
Other income	11	10	5,790
Total income		10	5,790
Expenses			
Other expenses	12	34,735	1,57,678
Finance Cost	13	-	18,293
Depreciation and amortization	6	4,35,066	5,13,036
Total expenditure		4,69,801	6,89,007
Net Profit/(Loss) before Tax		(4,69,791)	(6,83,217)
Tax Expense			
Current Tax		2	2
Taxes for the earlier period Profit/(Loss) after Tax		(4,69,791)	(6,83,217)
Profit/(Loss) transferred to Partners' account Dr. Ramesh Cardiac and Multispecaility Hospital (P) Ltd Mr. N. Sasidhar		(2,39,593) (2,30,198)	(3,48,440) (3,34,776)

As per our report of even date attached.

For M/s. P. S. Kumar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 012083S

CA. P. Sasi Kumar, FCA

Partner

Membership No. 208203

Place: Hyderabad Date: 24/04/2025 For Aster Ramesh Duhita LLP

Dr. Pothineni Ramesh Babu

Designated Partner DPIN: 0001879436

Dr. Nalluru Sasidhar Designated Partner

DPIN: 0007994218

LLPIN: AAM-2399

Notes to the financial statements

Note: 2

Amount in ₹

Capital A/c	As on 31st Ma	31st Mar 2024	
	%	Amount	Amount
Dr. Ramesh Cardiac and Multispecaility Hospital Pvt Ltd	51%	25,50,000	25,50,000
Mr. N. Sasidhar	49%	25,00,000	25,00,000
Total	100%	50,50,000	50,50,000

Note: 3

Current Account	As on 31st Mar	31st Mar 2024	
	%	Amount	Amount
Dr. Ramesh Cardiac and Multispecaility Hospital Pvt Ltd		(18,23,636)	(15,84,043)
Mr. N. Sasidhar		(39,06,548)	(36,76,350)
Total	* ,	(57,30,184)	(52,60,393)

Grand Total	(6,80,184	(2,10,393)	
		1	

Note: 4

Amount in `.

Sundry Creditors	As on 31st Mar 2025	31st Mar 2024
General Suppliers	45,07,138	45,07,138
	45,07,138	45,07,138

Note: 5

Other Payables		As on 31st Mar 2025	31st Mar 2024
Provision for Audit fee		1,25,000	1,00,000
Provision for Salaries		34,742	34,742
Provision for Expenses		14,440	5,000
	34 - 40 ()	1,74,182	1,39,742



Note: 6

Fixed Assets	As on 31st Mar 2025	31st Mar 2024	
Opening WDV	29,38,698	34,51,734	
Add: Additions	-	-	
Less: Depreciation for the year	(4,35,066)	(5,13,036)	
Closing WDV	25,03,632	29,38,698	

Note: 7

Trade receivables	As on 31st Mar 2025	31st Mar 2024
Employees Health Scheme .	5,04,128	5,04,128
Employees Health Scheme - AP EHS	62,365	93,818
	5,66,493	5,97,946

Note: 8

Cash and Cash Equivalents	As on 31st Mar 20	25 31st Mar 2024
Balances with Banks		
HDFC Bank	8,85,70	3 8,57,137
Cash on Hand	_	-
	8,85,70	3 8,57,137

Note: 9

Other Current Assest	As on 31st Mar 2025	31st Mar 2024
(a) Balance with Revenue Authorities		
Tds Receivables	45,308	42,706
	45,308	42,706



LLPIN: AAM-2399

Notes to the financial statements

Note: 10

Amount in ₹

Revenue from Operations		31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Revenue from Hospital Services		-	_
	Total	-	-

Note: 11

Other income	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Sundry credit balances written back		5,670
Interest on Income Tax Refund	10	120
Total	10	5,790

Note: 12

Administrative Expenses	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Audit Fees	25,000	25,000
Bank Charges (including credit card charges)	295	295
ROC Filing Fee	9,440	37,660
Bad Debts Written Off	-	94,723
Total	34,735	1,57,678

Note: 13

Finance Cost	April 1997 - April	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
Interest on Vehicle Loan	* 2	-	18,293
	Total	-	18,293



ASTER RAMESH DUHITA LLP LLPIN: AAM-2399

Fixed Asset Cum Depreciation Statement as at 31st March, 2025

Note: 6									Amount in Rs.
					DEPRECIATION		NET BLOCK		
PARTICULARS	OP WDV	ADDITIONS	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	AS AT	Rate	FOR THE	AS AT	AS AT
		>180 days	<180 days	DELETIONS	31-Mar-25	%	YEAR	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Furniture & Fixtures	1,74,259				1,74,259	10%	17,426	1,56,833	1,74,259
Plant & Machinery	14,06,128	-			14,06,128	15%	2,10,919	11,95,209	14,06,128
Vehicles	13,46,415				13,46,415	15%	2,01,962	11,44,453	13,46,415
Computer and Accessories	11,896				11,896	40%	4,758	7,138	11,896
TOTAL	29,38,698	-	-	-	29,38,698		4,35,066	25,03,632	29,38,698
Previous Year Figures	34,51,734	-	-	-	34,51,734		5,13,036	29,38,698	



LLPIN: AAM-2399

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Partner' Name	Capital.A/c	Current A/c[Before Profit]			Profit/(Loss) of	Current A/c[After Profit]	
	INR	Dr.INR	Cr.INR	Ratio	Year	Dr.INR	Cr.INR
Dr. Ramesh Cardiac and Multispecaility Hospital Pvt Ltd	25,50,000	(15,84,043)		51%	(2,39,593)	(18,23,636)	
Dr. Nalluru Sasidhar	25,00,000	(36,76,350)		49%	(2,30,198)	(39,06,548)	
Total	50,50,000	(52,60,393)	-	100%	(4,69,791)	(57,30,184)	

Net Balance (Dr)

(57,30,184)

ASTER RAMESH DUHITA LLP

Church.

Dr. Pothineni Ramesh Babu Dr. Nalluru Sasidhar

Designated Partner Designated Partner

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 24/04/2025

LLPIN: AAM-2399

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st March 2025

	Sl. No. Name of the related party		Transaction	for the year	Outstanding Balance		
SI.		Name of the related party	Description of the transaction	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
		Dr. Ramesh Cardiac and Multispeciality Hospitals Pvt. Ltd.				-45,07,138.00	-45,07,138.00

